

OWRB Hearings

- OWRB may hold hearings on any matter within the Board's jurisdiction
- Follow Title 82 of the Oklahoma Statutes and the Oklahoma Administrative Procedures Act (set forth in 75 O.S. 1981, 301 et seq.)
 - Water right permitting
 - Dam safety
 - Water quality
 - Floodplain
 - Rule Making (public comments)



OWRB Hearings

Who may be Hearing Examiners?

- Board Member
- Executive or Assistant Director
- Authorized Board Staff Member
- Staff Attorney
- Attorney General or Assistant Attorney General
- Any other Board authorized person

Authority

- Supervise, direct, preside over and conduct hearing proceedings, make rulings, and anything else necessary to complete the hearing
- May designate Board Staff to assist

Locations

 Hearings may be held at any location designated by the hearing examiner.

Because of budget cuts, all hearings are now

being held in the

Oklahoma City office



Record of Hearings

- All testimony and evidence given at hearings is recorded electronically
 - May request a written transcript (fee)
 - Court reporter may be requested at the expense of the parties requesting the reporter
 - Copies of the tapes may be requested at any time (fee)
 - All information is subject to an open records request



Pre-hearing Options

- Mediation in an attempt to find a compromise or settlement of a protest
- Pre-hearing Conference to facilitate and simplify issues presented



Who May File and Requirements

- Any interested person may file a written protest, objection or comment
 - Form letters and petitions are not accepted
- Requirements for valid protest
 - Name, telephone number, email (if available) and postal address of interested person
 - The application number to which a protest relates
 - Specific information to show how approval of the application, petition or action may directly and adversely affect legally protected interest of the person filing the protest
 - Statement of relief sought by the interested person
- All other letters received are considered letters of comment and not official protests

- Must file valid protest to become a party at the hearing
 - Protest letters must be also sent to applicant
- Hearing examiner may allow presentations by others
- General comment letters are made part of the permanent file
- Continuances may be requested by any party in order to gather additional info

Conduct of Hearings

- Hearing examiner opens the hearing stating place, time and purpose
- Enters into the record evidence and exhibits
 - Application, notice, publication affidavits, protests, rules and other documents as needed





Must determine if proper notice was given

 Newspaper, surrounding landowners, other notice as specified in the original notice of application

All parties sworn in and acknowledged

- Anyone who failed to attend hearing that filed a protest letter is in default and the protest is no longer recognized
- Must perfect protest by attending or having representation at the hearing

Presentation of evidence and examination of witnesses

- All interested parties are allowed to present testimony, evidence, expert witnesses, etc.
- Board staff may be called by either side under subpoena or at the request of the hearing examiner
- Parties may appear on their own behalf, have council present, or have another person represent them at the hearing

◆ Evidence

Must be relevant and material to the subject matter of the application

- Hearing examiner may waive the necessity of oral testimony
 - May accept letter on behalf of protestant that was unable to make the hearing (with previous notice)
- Objections to evidence may be made and the hearing examiner has authority to "sustain" or "overrule"

- Continuances, adjournments and leaving the record open
 - Hearing examiner has discretion to continue or adjourn to another date to allow for additional testimony or evidence to be presented
 - Continuances may be requested by any party
 - If all testimony and evidence is received and no further requests have been made for more time, hearing examiner will close the hearing

Water Rights Permitting

- Hearing examiner must determine the following
 - For Groundwater Applications:
 - The applicant owns or leases or has some other sufficient interest in the surface of the land dedicated to the application
 - The land overlies a fresh groundwater basin or sub-basin
 - The use to which the applicant intends to put the water is a beneficial use
 - Waste by depletion or waste by pollution will not occur
 - For Surface Water Applications
 - There is unappropriated water available in the amount applied for
 - The applicant has a present or future need for the water
 - The intended use is beneficial
 - The proposed use will not interfere with domestic/existing appropriative uses

Conclusion of Hearing

- Hearing examiner takes all the evidence and testimony heard and prepares a proposed order of the findings and facts
- Proposed order reviewed by staff for accuracy
- Proposed order must be received by all parties no later than 15 days prior to presentation to the 9 member Board
- Parties may file exceptions to the order prior to the Board meeting
- Proposed order recommends approval or denial of application and possible conditions to be placed on approval

Board Action

- Board may approve, deny, modify, table, or remand order at the regular scheduled Board meeting
- Each party is allowed to present case in front of Board members (no new evidence may be submitted)
- Final Board order as voted on is sent to all parties





Appeals

 Any party or the Board may request rehearing, reopening or reconsideration of any final Board action or decision

 Any final order or decision of the Board may be appealed to district court no later than 30 days

following Board action





Discussing Water Rights, A Western Pastime

Questions????

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